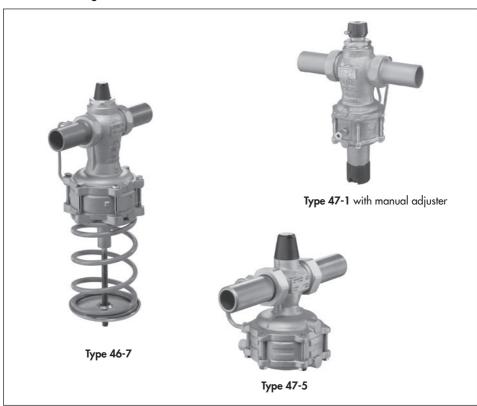
MOUNTING AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



EB 3131 EN

Translation of original instructions



Types 46-7, 47-5 and 47-1 Self-operated Regulators

Flow and Differential Pressure or Pressure Regulators

Note on these mounting and operating instructions

These mounting and operating instructions assist you in mounting and operating the device safely. The instructions are binding for handling SAMSON devices.

- → For the safe and proper use of these instructions, read them carefully and keep them for later reference.
- → If you have any questions about these instructions, contact SAMSON's After-sales Service Department (aftersalesservice@samson.de).



The mounting and operating instructions for the devices are included in the scope of delivery. The latest documentation is available on our website at www.samson.de > Service & Support > Downloads > Documentation.

Definition of signal words

A DANGER

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury

A WARNING

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury



Property damage message or malfunction



Additional information



Recommended action

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1 Safety instructions and measures

Intended use

The Type 46-7 and Type 47-5 Regulators are designed for flow rate and differential pressure control. The Type 47-1 Regulator is designed for flow rate and differential pressure control or flow rate and pressure control. The regulators are mainly used in district heating supply networks and industrial plants. The regulator and actuator are designed to operate under exactly defined conditions (e.g. operating pressure, process medium, temperature). Therefore, operators must ensure that the regulator and actuator are only used in operating conditions that meet the specifications used for sizing the devices at the ordering stage. In case operators intend to use the devices in other applications or conditions than specified, contact SAMSON

SAMSON does not assume any liability for damage resulting from the failure to use the device for its intended purpose or for damage caused by external forces or any other external factors.

→ Refer to the technical data and nameplate for limits and fields of application as well as possible uses.

Reasonably foreseeable misuse

The regulator is not suitable for the following applications:

- Use outside the limits defined during sizing and by the technical data
 Furthermore, the following activities do not comply with the intended use:
- Use of non-original spare parts
- Performing service and repair work not described in these instructions

Qualifications of operating personnel

The regulator must be mounted, started up, serviced and repaired by fully trained and qualified personnel only; the accepted industry codes and practices are to be observed. According to these mounting and operating instructions, trained personnel refers to individuals who are able to judge the work they are assigned to and recognize possible hazards due to their specialized training, their knowledge and experience as well as their knowledge of the applicable standards.

Safety instructions and measures

Personal protective equipment

We recommend checking the hazards posed by the process medium being used (e.g.

- ► GESTIS (CLP) hazardous substances database).
- → Provide protective equipment (e.g. safety gloves, eye protection) appropriate for the process medium used.
- → Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.
- → Check with the plant operator for details on further protective equipment.

Revisions and other modifications

Revisions, conversions or other modifications of the product are not authorized by SAMSON. They are performed at the user's own risk and may lead to safety hazards, for example. Furthermore, the product may no longer meet the requirements for its intended use.

Warning against residual hazards

To avoid personal injury or property damage, plant operators and operating personnel must prevent hazards that could be caused in the device by the process medium, the operating pressure or by moving parts by taking appropriate precautions. Plant operators and operating personnel must observe all hazard statements, warning and caution notes in these mounting and operating instructions, especially for installation, start-up and service work.

We also recommend checking the hazards posed by the process medium being used (e.g.

- ► GESTIS (CLP) hazardous substances database).
- → Observe safety measures for handling the device as well as fire prevention and explosion protection measures.

Safety features

The Types 46-7, 47-5 and 47-1 Regulators do not have any special safety features. When relieved of pressure and with open restriction, the regulators are opened by the force of the set point springs.

Responsibilities of the operator

The operator is responsible for proper operation and compliance with the safety regulations. Operators are obliged to provide these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents to the operating personnel and to instruct them in proper operation. Furthermore, the operator must ensure that operating personnel or third parties are not exposed to any danger.

The operator is additionally responsible for ensuring that the limits for the product defined in the technical data are observed. This also applies to the start-up and shutdown procedures.

Start-up and shutdown procedures fall within the scope of the operator's duties and, as such, are not part of these mounting and operating instructions. SAMSON is unable to make any statements about these procedures since the operative details (e.g. differential pressures and temperatures) vary in each individual case and are only known to the operator.

Responsibilities of operating personnel

Operating personnel must read and understand these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents and observe the specified hazard statements, warnings and caution notes. Furthermore, the operating personnel must be familiar with the applicable health, safety and accident prevention regulations and comply with them.

Referenced standards and regulations

The regulators comply with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU. Devices with a CE marking have an EU declaration of conformity, which includes information about the applied conformity assessment procedure. The EU declaration of conformity is included in the annex of these instructions (see section 10.2).

Non-electric regulator versions whose bodies are not lined with an insulating material coating do not have their own potential ignition source according to the risk assessment stipulated in EN 13463-1: 2009, section 5.2, even in the rare incident of an operating fault. Therefore, such valve versions do not fall within the scope of Directive 2014/34/EU.

→ For connection to the equipotential bonding system, observe the requirements specified in section 6.4 of EN 60079-14 (VDE 0165-1).

Referenced documentation

The following documents apply in addition to these mounting and operating instructions:

Mounting and operating instructions for

e.g. **Type 1 N/NI Strainer** ► EB 1010
e.g. **Type 2 N/NI Strainer** ► EB 1015

 Mounting and operating instructions as well as data sheets for additional fittings (e.g. shut-off valves, pressure gauges etc.).

1.1 Notes on possible severe personal injury

▲ DANGER

Risk of bursting in pressure equipment.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment. Improper opening can lead to device components bursting.

- → Observe the maximum permissible pressure for regulator and plant.
- → Before starting any work on the device, depressurize all plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- → Drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- → If necessary, a suitable overpressure protection must be installed on site in the plant section.
- → Wear personal protective equipment.

1.2 Notes on possible personal injury

A WARNING

Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The regulator contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- → Do not insert hands or fingers between the set point springs while the regulator is in operation.
- → Before performing any work on the regulator, depressurize the plant. Disconnect or shut off the external control line.

Risk of personal injury through incorrect operation, use or installation as a result of information on the regulator being illegible.

Over time, markings, labels and nameplates on the regulator may become covered with dirt or become illegible in some other way. As a result, hazards may go unnoticed and the necessary instructions not followed. There is a risk of personal injury.

- → Keep all relevant markings and inscriptions on the device in a constantly legible state
- → Immediately renew damaged, missing or incorrect nameplates or labels.

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

- → If possible, drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected and the regulator.
- → Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and process medium being discharged.

Incorrect opening of pressure equipment or mounting parts may lead to the process medium escaping to the atmosphere.

→ Do not loosen the control line while the regulator is pressurized.

1.2 Notes on possible personal injury

A WARNING

Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

The noise emissions depend on the regulator version, plant facilities and process medium.

→ Wear hearing protection when working near the regulator.

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, regulator components and pipelines may get very hot or cold and cause burn injuries.

- → Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- → Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

Damage to health relating to the REACH regulation.

If a SAMSON device contains a substance which is listed as being a substance of very high concern on the candidate list of the REACH regulation, this circumstance is indicated on the SAMSON delivery note.

→ Information on safe use of the part affected, see ▶ www.samsongroup.com/en/about-samson/material-compliance/reach-regulation/

1.3 Notes on possible property damage

NOTICE

Risk of regulator damage due to contamination (e.g. solid particles) in the pipeline.

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant.

→ Flush the pipelines before start-up.

Risk of regulator damage due to unsuitable medium properties.

The regulator is designed for process media with defined properties.

→ Only use process media specified for sizing the valve.

Risk of leakage and regulator damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening regulator components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

→ Observe the tightening torques specified in section 7.3.

Incorrect control due to the formation of ice on the regulator.

Medium temperatures below 0 °C may cause ice to form on the regulator, depending on the air humidity. This may affect, in particular, the functioning of the actuator stem guide or set point adjuster.

→ Prevent the formation of ice by taking appropriate precautions (e.g. enclosure, trace heater etc.). The plant operator is responsible for selecting and implementing appropriate precautions.

Regulator damage due to condensed glycol.

In principle, the materials are also resistant to high concentrations of glycol. Nevertheless, glycol reacts when it comes into contact with metals and causes acids to form. We cannot prevent this reaction.

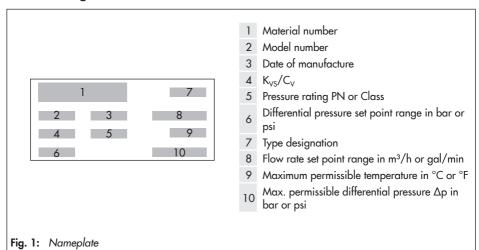
→ Use suitable inhibitors. The plant operator is responsible for selecting and using suitable inhibitors.

1.3 Notes on possible property damage

NOTICE

- → Risk of regulator damage due to incorrectly attached slings.
- → Do not attach load-bearing slings to the regulator.
- → Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.
- → The lubricants to be used depend on the regulator material. Unsuitable lubricants may corrode and damage surfaces.
- → Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON. When in doubt, consult SAMSON.
- → Risk of regulator damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.
- → Certain tools are required to work on the regulator.
- → Only use tools approved by SAMSON. When in doubt, consult SAMSON.
- → Risk of the process medium being contaminated through the use of unsuitable lubricants and/or contaminated tools and components.
- → Keep the regulator and the tools used free from solvents and grease.
- → Make sure that only suitable lubricants are used.

2 Markings on the device



2.1

Material numbers

Specifying the configuration ID, you can contact us to find out which material is used. The material number is specified on the nameplate (item 1). For more details on the nameplate, see Fig. 2.

3 Design and principle of operation

The combined regulators basically consist of a valve body (1) with a balanced plug as well as a closing actuator with two operating diaphragms. The regulators are used to limit the differential pressure and flow rate to the set points adjusted at the actuator. The regulator closes when the differential pressure or flow rate increases.

The medium flows through the regulator in the direction indicated by the arrow. The areas released by the restriction (1.2) and the plug (3) determine the flow rate and the differential pressure Δp or downstream pressure p_2 (Type 47-1). The differential pressure Δp is converted by the first operating diaphragm (6.1) and the differential pressure

created at the restriction based on the flow rate by the second operating diaphragm (6.3) into a positioning force. The largest signal is always used to control the regulator.

Type 46-7 and Type 47-5

To control the flow rate, the low pressure downstream of the restriction (1.2) is transmitted through a hole in the plug (3) to the top diaphragm chamber A. The high pressure of \mathring{V} is transmitted through the attached control line (11) to the diaphragm chamber B.

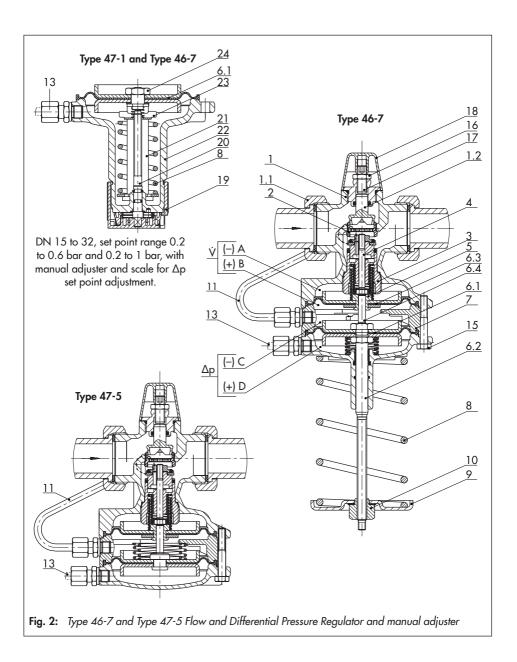
To control the differential pressure, the high pressure of Δp must be transmitted through the external control line (13), which is attached on the site of installation, to the bottom diaphragm chamber D. The low pressure of Δp is equal to the high pressure of

Legend for Fig. 2 and Fig. 3

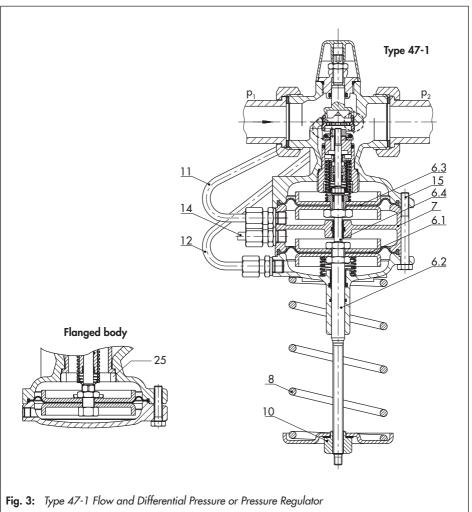
- 1 Valve body
- 1.1 Connection nut with seal and welding end
- 1.2 Restriction
- 2 Seat
- 3 Plug with guide nipple
- 4 Plug stem
- 5 Valve spring
- 6 Actuator
- 6.1 First operating diaphragm
- 6.2 First actuator stem
- 6.3 Second operating diaphragm
- 6.4 Second actuator stem
- 7 Distance ring
- 8 Set point spring (differential pressure)
- 9 Spring plate
- 10 Set point adjuster (differential pressure)
- 11 Control line (+) V

- 12 Control line (+) Δp
- 13 External control line (+) Δp
- 14 External control line (-) Δp
- 1.5 Screws
- 16 Lock nut
- 17 Set point screw (flow rate, SW 4)
- 18 Cap
- 19 Manual adjuster (differential pressure)
- 20 Spindle
- 21 Support
- 22 Bottom section of the body
- 23 Spring plate
- 24 Nut
- 25 Stopper for plug

A to D = Diaphragm chambers



Design and principle of operation



the \dot{V} and acts in the diaphragm chambers B and C which are connected to each other.

Type 47-1

To control the flow rate, the low pressure of \dot{V} downstream of the restriction (1.2) is transmitted through a hole in the plug (3) to the top diaphragm chamber A.

The high pressure of Δp is transmitted through the attached control line (11) to the diaphragm chamber B. To control the differential pressure, the high pressure of Δp is transmitted through the attached control line (12) to the bottom diaphragm chamber D. The low pressure of Δp must be transmitted through the external control line (14), which is attached on the site of installation, to the diaphragm chamber C.

When the Type 47-1 is used as a flow regulator and pressure reducer, diaphragm chamber D is connected with the downstream pressure p_2 . The control line connection of diaphragm chamber C remains open to the atmosphere.

3.2 Versions

Type 46-7 and Type 47-5 Flow and Differential Pressure Regulator · Designed for the installation in the low-pressure pipe, e.g. return flow pipe of a district heating station.

- Type 46-7 · With adjustable flow rate and differential pressure set point · With internal overload protection (excess pressure limiter) in the actuator
- Type 47-5 · With fixed differential pressure set point · Adjustable flow rate set point · With internal overload protection (excess pressure limiter) in the actuator

Type 47-1 Flow and Differential Pressure or Pressure Regulator · Designed for installation in the high-pressure pipe, e.g. flow pipe.

 Type 47-1 · With adjustable flow rate and differential pressure or pressure set point

3.1 Mounting parts

See Table 1.

Table 1: Mounting parts

Valve size	DN 15	DN 20	DN 25	DN 32	DN 40	DN 50
Welding ends 1)	1400-6500	1400-6501	1400-6502	1400-6509	1400-6510	1400-6511
Threaded ends 1)	1400-6503	1400-6504	1400-6505	1400-6512	1400-6513	1400-6514
Gasket	8413-3000	8413-3001	8413-3002	8413-3003	8413-3004	8413-3005

¹⁾ Pair including flat gasket

Design and principle of operation

i Note

Flow and differential pressure regulators with Type 5824 or Type 5825 Electric Actuator or Type 2430 Control Thermostat.

In these regulators, the signal of an electric control device can be applied to achieve additional temperature control by altering the restriction position. See Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 3135-2,

► EB 5824-1, ► EB 5824-2 or ► EB 2430.

3.3 Technical data

Min. differential pressure Δp_{min}

The minimum required differential pressure Δp_{min} across the regulator is calculated as follows:

$$\Delta p_{min} = \Delta p_{restriction} + \left(\frac{\dot{V}}{K_{VS}} \right)^2$$

Δp_{min} Minimum differential pressure across

the regulator in bar

Δp_{restriction} Differential pressure created at the restriction for measuring the flow rate

V Adjusted flow rate in m³/h
 K_{VS} Flow coefficient in m³/h

Dimensions in mm · Weights in kg

The lengths and heights in the dimension diagrams are shown on pages 20 and 21.

Table 2: Materials · Material number according to DIN EN

Housing		Red brass CC499K (Rg 5) · Spheroidal graphite iron EN-GJS-400-18- LT ¹⁾					
Pressure rating		PN 16 · PN 25					
Seat		Stainless steel 1.4305					
Plug	PN 25	Brass, resistant to dezincification, with EPDM soft seal ²					
riug	PN 16	Brass, resistant to dezincification and plastic with EPDM soft seal					
Valve springs		Stainless steel 1.4310					
Restriction		Brass, free of dezincification					
Operating diaphragm		EPDM with fabric reinforcement ²⁾					
Seals		EPDM ²⁾					

¹⁾ Additional version in DN 32, 40 and 50: valve with flanged body made of spheroidal graphite iron

²⁾ Special version in PN 25, e.g. for mineral oils: FKM

Table 3: Technical data

Valve size		DN	15		DN 20	DN 25	DN 32 ³⁾	DN 40 ³⁾	DN 50 ³⁾	
K _{vs} coefficient	0.41)	1 1)	2.5	41)	6.3	8	12.5	16/20 ³⁾	20/25 3)	
X _{Fz} value		0.6			0.55	0.55/0.45 3)		0.45/ 0.4 ³⁾		
Pressure rating			Pl	N 16/	/25		PN 25			
Max. permissible differential pressure Δp across the regulator				10	²⁾ /20 bar	•		16 bo		
Max. permissible temperature		Lic	quids:	130°	C 2)/150	°C · Air c	ınd nitroge	nd nitrogen: 150 °C ⁴⁾		
Pressure above adjusted diff. pressure set point at which internal excess pressure limiter responds (Types 46-7, 47-5)						0.5 bar				
Conformity						€ EHE				
Differential pressure set point ranges										
Type 46-7 and Type 47-1: continuously adjustable	0.2 to 0.6 bar 0.2 to 1 bar 0.5 to 2 bar						0.2 to	0.5 bar 1 bar 2 bar		
Types 47-5 · Fixed set point				0.2	bar · 0.3	bar · 0.4	bar · 0.5 b	oar		

¹⁾ Special versions

Table 4: Regulator without connecting parts

Valve size		DN 15	DN 20	DN 25	DN 32 1)	DN 40 1)	DN 50 1)	
Pipe Ø d		21.3 26.8 32.7 42 48					60	
Connection	R	G 3/4	4 G1 G1¼ G1¾ G2 G2½				G 21/2	
Width acros	s flats SW	30	36	46	59	65 82		
Length L		65	70	75	100	110 130		
Н			65			85		
	Type 46-7		248	415				
H1	Type 47-1		265		285	425		
	Type 47-5		108		125	17	75	
H2	Type 46-7		185		205			
ПΖ	Type 47-1		200		220		_	
Н3			75	95				
ØD			1	16		10	60	

¹⁾ Additional version: regulator with flanged body

³⁾ Additional version: regulator with flanged body made of spheroidal graphite iron (EN-GJS-400-18-LT)

²⁾ For PN 16 version

⁴⁾ Only in PN 25 version and diaphragm and seals made of FKM

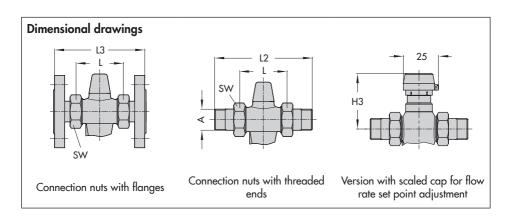
Design and principle of operation

Table 5: Regulator with connecting parts · Dimensions in mm

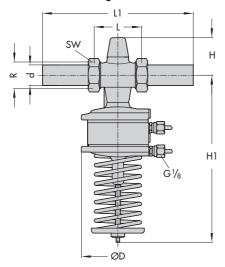
Valve size		DN 15	DN 20	DN 25	DN 32	DN 40	DN 50
With weldi	ing ends						
L1		210	234	244	268	294	330
Weight, approx.	Type 46-7 Type 47-1	2.6	2.7	2.8	4	12	12.5
kg	Type 47-5	2.2	2.3	2.4	3.5	6.2	6.7
With threa	ded ends						
L2		129	144	159	192	206	228
Male threa	d A	G 1/2	G 3/4	G 1	G 11/4	G 1½	G 2
Weight,	Туре 46-7	2.6	2.7	2.8	4	12	12.5
approx.	Type 47-1	2.0	2.7	2.0	4	12	12.5
kg	Type 47-5	2.2	2.3	2.4	3.5	6.2	6.7
With flang	es 1) 2) or with	flanged bod	y (DN 32 to	50)			
L3		130	150	160	180	200	230
Weight,	Type 46-7	4.0	4.7	5.3	7.2	16.0	17.5
approx. kg	Type 47-1 Type 47-5	3.6	4.3	4.9	6.7	10.2	11.7

¹⁾ PN 16/25

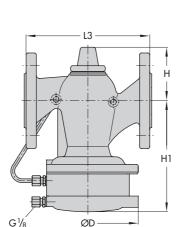
²⁾ Flanges are already mounted on regulators in DN 40 and 50.



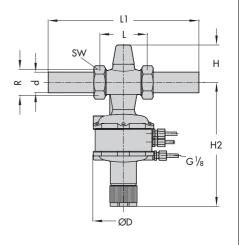
Dimensional drawings



Types 46-7, 47-1 · DN 15 to 50 with welding ends



Type 47-5 · With flanged valve body (DN 32 to 50)



Version with manual adjuster for flow rate set point adjustment

Types 46-7, 47-1 · DN 15 to 32, set point ranges 0.2 to 0.6 and 0.2 to 1 bar with welding ends

i Note

The dimensions and weights of valves with flanged bodies (DN 32, 40 and 50) are the same as valves with screwed-on flanges.

4 Measures for preparation

After receiving the shipment, proceed as follows:

- Check the scope of delivery. Compare the shipment received with the delivery note.
- Check the shipment for transportation damage. Report any damage to SAMSON and the forwarding agent (refer to delivery note).

4.1 Unpacking

i Note

Do not remove the packaging until immediately before installation.

Proceed as follows to lift and install the device:

- 1. Remove the packaging from the device.
- 2. Dispose of the packaging in accordance with the valid regulations.

4.2 Transporting and lifting

Due to the low service weight, lifting equipment is not required to lift and transport the regulator (e.g. to install it into the pipeline).

Transport instructions

- Protect the device against external influences (e.g. impact).
- Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.
- Protect the device against moisture and dirt.
- Observe the permissible ambient temperatures (see section 3.3).

4.3 Storage

NOTICE

Risk of regulator damage due to improper storage.

- Observe the storage instructions.
- Avoid long storage times.
- Contact SAMSON in case of different storage conditions or long storage periods.

i Note

We recommend regularly checking the device and the prevailing storage conditions during long storage periods.

Storage instructions

- Protect the device against external influences (e.g. impact).
- Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.
- Protect the device against moisture and dirt. Store it at a relative humidity of less than 75 %. In damp spaces, prevent condensation. If necessary, use a drying agent or heating.
- Make sure that the ambient air is free of acids or other corrosive media.
- Observe the permissible ambient temperatures (see section 3.3).
- Do not place any objects on the device.

Special storage instructions for elastomers

Elastomer, e.g. diaphragm

- To keep elastomers in shape and to prevent cracking, do not bend them or hang them up.
- We recommend a storage temperature of 15 °C for elastomers.
- Store elastomers away from lubricants, chemicals, solutions and fuels.

-\(\overline{\pi}\)- Tip

SAMSON's After-sales Service can provide more detailed storage instructions on request.

4.4 Preparation for installation

Proceed as follows:

→ Flush the pipelines.

i Note

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant.

- → Check the regulator to make sure that it is clean.
- → Check the regulator for damage.
- → Check to make sure that the type designation, valve size, material, pressure rating and temperature range of the regulator match the plant conditions (size and pressure rating of the pipeline, medium temperature etc.).
- → Check any mounted pressure gauges to make sure they function.

5 Mounting and start-up

5.1 Mounting orientation

Standard mounting position

→ Install the regulator in a horizontal pipeline with the set point adjuster (10) facing downward (see Fig. 2 and Fig. 3).

The regulator in valve sizes DN 15 to 25 can also be installed in vertical pipes.

Installation conditions

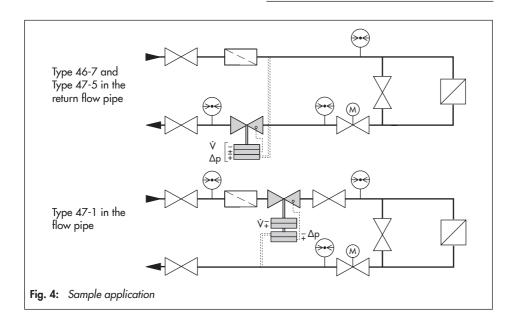
- Make sure that the regulator remains freely accessible after the plant has been completed.
- Install a strainer upstream of the regulator (see section 5.2).

- The direction of flow must match the direction indicated by the arrow on the body.
- Connect external control lines at the side of the main pipe (see Fig. 6)
- Install the regulator free of stress.

NOTICE

Possible malfunction and damage due to adverse weather conditions (temperature, humidity).

- Do not install the device outdoors or in rooms prone to frost.
- Protect the regulator against frost if it is used to control freezing media.
- Either heat the regulator or remove it from the plant and completely drain the residual medium.



5.2 Additional fittings

Strainer

A strainer installed upstream in the flow pipe holds back any dirt or other foreign particles carried along by the medium. For example, the SAMSON Type 1 NI Strainer is suitable (> T 1010).

- Do not use the strainer to permanently filter the process medium.
- Install the strainer upstream of the regulator.
- The direction of flow must correspond to the arrow on the valve body.
- The filter element must be installed to hang downward.
- Allow sufficient space to remove the filter.

Shut-off valve

Install a hand-operated shut-off valve both upstream of the strainer and at the outlet of the return flow pipe (see Fig. 4). This allows the plant to be shut down for cleaning and maintenance, and when the plant is not used for longer periods of time.

Pressure gauge

Install a pressure gauge at a suitable point to monitor the pressures prevailing in the plant (see Fig. 4).

Control line

Depending on the regulator version, a control line (standard: 6x1 mm pipe diameter) must be adapted and mounted on site. Make sure that the control line is free of dirt.

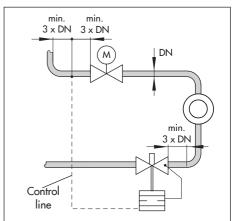


Fig. 5: Control line connection, depending on how the pipeline is routed

We recommend installing the control line for tapping pressure from the pipeline at a distance of at least three times the nominal size (DN) away from any pipe fittings (e.g. manifolds, bends, branches or other valves), that may cause turbulence in the flow.

How the lines are routed generally depends on the installation site. Preferably connect the control line to the side of the main pipe.

- Do not change the pipe diameter of the main pipeline with an eccentric reducer.
- → Refer to installation schematics (Fig. 4) for line routing.

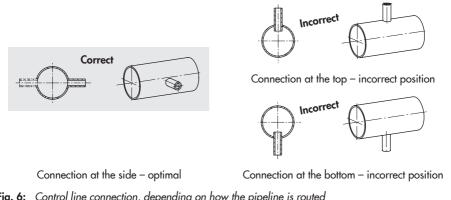


Fig. 6: Control line connection, depending on how the pipeline is routed

Putting the regulator into operation

- → First start up the regulator after mounting all parts.
- → Make sure the control lines are open and correctly connected.
- → Make sure that the restriction (1.2) is open while filling the plant. Turn the set point screw (17) counterclockwise (4) as far as it will go.
- → Starting on the upstream side, open the shut-off valves slowly over a time period of several minutes. Afterwards, open all the valves downstream of the regulator.

NOTICE

Risk of valve damage due to a sudden pressure increase and resulting high flow velocities.

Slowly open the shut-off valve in the pipeline during start-up.

Pressure testing the plant

All plant components must be designed for the test pressure. Remove the regulator from the pipeline, if necessary.

NOTICE

Risk of damage to the diaphragm actuator due to impermissible excess pressure.

The test pressure must not exceed the nominal pressure at the actuator by 1.5 times on testing the pressure of the plant when the regulator is already installed.

Rinsing the plant

- 1. After filling the plant, first completely open the consumer
- 2. Adjust the maximum flow rate at the regulator (see section 6.1.1).
- 3. Adjust the maximum differential pressure at the regulator (see section 6.1.2).
- 4. Rinse out the pipeline at full flow rate for several minutes.

Check the strainer (e.g. measure the pressure drop) and clean it, if necessary.

6 Operation

6.1 Adjusting the set points

6.1.1 Flow control

- → Type 46-7 and Type 47-1: Adjust the maximum differential pressure at the regulator (see section 6.1.2).
- → Completely open the control and shut-off valves or a bypass valve in the plant.
- To fully load the set point spring (8) and manual adjuster (19), turn the set point adjuster (10) clockwise (U) as far as it will go.
- 2. Unscrew the cap (18).
- 3. Undo the lock nut (16).
- Use a suitable tool (Allen key, SW 4) to turn the set point screw (17) clockwise (U) as far as it will go to close the restriction (1.2).
- 5. Refer to Fig. 8 to find out how many turns are required to set the flow rate.
- Use a suitable tool (Allen key, SW 4) to turn the set point screw (17) by the required number of turns. Turn it counterclockwise (0) to open the restriction. The flow rate rises.

-\(\overline{\pi}\)- Tip

For exact adjustment, verify adjusted value with a heat or flow meter.

- Secure restriction setting using the lock nut (16) at the set point screw (17).
 Screw cap (18) back on.
- 8. Lead-seal the set point setting at set point screw (17) and cap (18).

i Note

The set point can be directly adjusted in the version with manual adjuster. One scale division corresponds to one turn of the set point screw.

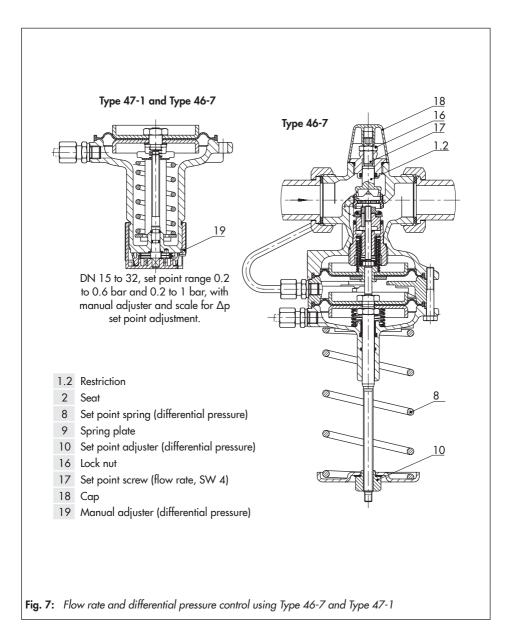


Table 6: Flow rate set point range for water in m³/h

Valve size DN		1	5		20	25	32	40 1)	50 1)
K _{VS} coefficient	0.4	1	2.5	4	6.3	8	12.5	16/20 ²⁾	20/25 2)
Set point range in m ³ /h with a diff.		-		0.6 to 1.3 ³⁾	0.8 to 2.3 ³⁾	0.8 to 3.5 ³⁾	2 to 5.8 ³⁾	3 to 9.1 ³⁾	4 to 14.1 ³⁾
press. at restriction $\Delta p_{restriction}$ of 0.2 bar	0.01 to 0.2	0.12 to 0.64	0.2 to 1.2	0.6 to 2.5	0.8 to 3.6	0.8 to 4.2 ⁴⁾	2 to 10	3 to 12.5	4 to 15

¹⁾ Also as version with flanged valve body

^{4) 5} m³/h with $\Delta p_{restriction} = 0.3$ bar (special version)

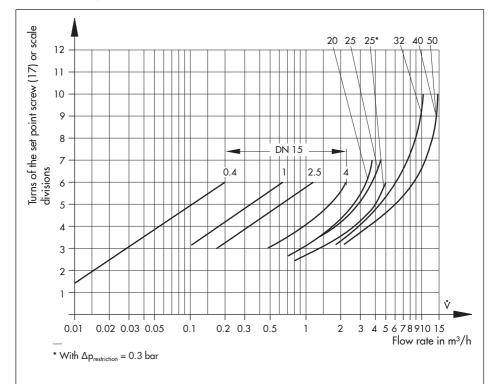


Fig. 8: Set point adjustment for flow rate (guide) · Differential pressure across the restriction $\Delta p_{restriction} = 0.2$ bar

²⁾ K_{vs} coefficient with flanged valve body

³⁾ An increase in noise level can be expected when the specified flow rates are exceeded.

6.1.2 Differential pressure control

i Note

The differential pressure can only be adjusted on the Type 46-7 and Type 47-1 Regulators. The differential pressure of the Type 47-5 Regulator is fixed.

- Close the shut-off valves or the bypass to reduce the maximum flow rate to approx. 5 to 10 %.
 - If you are using a motorized valve, close it to approx. 10 % of its travel.
- 2. Adjust the required differential pressure at the set point adjuster (10).
 - Turn clockwise (\circlearrowright) to load the set point spring (8). The Δ p set point increases.
 - Turn counterclockwise (\circlearrowleft) to relieve the tension from the set point spring (8). The Δp set point is reduced.

The set point spring is installed in the bottom section of the housing in DN 15 to 32. The set point spring is located externally in the DN 40 and 50 versions (see Fig. 8). The set point can be continuously adjusted using the set point adjuster according to the value on the scale (see Fig. 9).

i Note

The maximum value on the scale of the set point adjuster is 8. However, the maximum set point is reached earlier (see Fig. 9).

One turn of the set point adjuster will change the differential pressure by approx. 0.033 bar in the range from 0.2 to 1 bar and by approx. 0.02 bar in the range from 0.2 to 0.6 bar.

NOTICE

Risk of regulator malfunction due to incorrect setting.

A scale value below 1 may lead to incorrect control.

Only adjust values above 1 on the scale. If the setting is incorrect (value on the scale below 1), proceed as follows:

- Depressurize the regulator.
- Turn the set point adjuster counterclockwise
 (♥) as far as it will go (minimum setting).
- Turn the set point adjuster back clockwise to a value between 1 to 2 on the scale.
 The set point can now be adjusted.

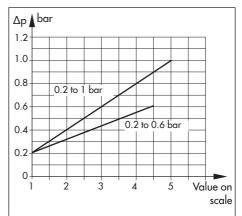


Fig. 9: Differential pressure set point adjusted according to the value on the scale

7 Servicing

The regulator does not require any maintenance. Nevertheless, it is subject to natural wear, particularly at the seat, plug and operating diaphragm. Depending on the operating conditions, check the regulator at regular intervals to avoid possible malfunctions.



SAMSON's After-sales Service can support you in drawing up an inspection and test plan for your plant.

▲ DANGER

Risk of bursting in pressure equipment.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment. Improper opening can lead to device components bursting.

- Before starting any work on the device, depressurize all plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- Drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- If necessary, a suitable overpressure protection must be installed on site in the plant section.
- Wear personal protective equipment.

A WARNING

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator.

While working on the regulator, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

- If possible, drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected and the regulator.
- Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

A WARNING

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, regulator components and pipelines may get very hot or cold and cause burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

NOTICE

Risk of regulator damage due to incorrect servicing or repair.

Service and repair work must be performed by trained staff only.

NOTICE

Risk of regulator damage due to excessively high or low tightening torques.

Observe the specified torques when tightening regulator components. Excessive tightening torques lead to parts wearing out more quickly. Parts that are too loose may cause leakage.

Observe the tightening torques specified in section 7.3.

i Note

The regulator was checked by SAMSON before it left the factory.

- The product warranty becomes void if service or repair work not described in these instructions is performed without prior agreement by SAMSON's After-sales Service.
- Only use original spare parts by SAMSON, which comply with the original specifications.

7.1 Cleaning and replacing the plug

See Fig. 2 and Fig. 3.

Removal

- 1. Put the regulator out of operation (see section 9.1).
- 2. For Type 46-7 and Type 47-1, completely relieve the tension from the set point spring (8) by turning the set point adjuster (10) or manual adjuster (19) counterclockwise (5).
- Unscrew the screws (15) and lift the actuator off the valve body.
- 4. Pull the valve spring (5), if installed, out of the body.
- DN 15 to 25: unscrew and pull out the guide nipple with plug (3) using a socket wrench (order no. 1280-3001).
 - **DN 32 to 50:** unscrew the stopper (25) at the plug and pull out the plug.
- Clean the seat and plug thoroughly.
 Check the control lines for any blockages. If the plug is damaged, replace the entire plug with a new one.

Installation

- 1. Insert cleaned or new plug.
- DN 15 to 25: tighten the guide nipple with plug (3) using a socket wrench (order no. 1280-3001). Observe the tightening torques specified in section 7.3.
 - **DN 32 to 50:** insert the plug followed by the stopper (25) of the plug. Observe the tightening torques specified in section 7.3.
- 3. Insert the valve spring (5), if installed, into the body.
- Place the actuator on the body. Tighten screws (15). Observe the tightening torques specified in section 7.3.
- 5. Fasten the control lines (11, 12).
- 6. Install the regulator into the pipeline.
- 7. Fasten the external control lines (13, 14).
- 8. Put the regulator into operation (see section 5.3).

7.2 Replacing the diaphragm

i Note

The diaphragm in some versions can only be replaced together with the diaphragm plate.

See Fig. 2 and Fig. 3.

Version without manual adjuster

Disassembly

- Put the regulator out of operation (see section 9.1).
- 2. For **Type 46-7 and Type 47-1**, completely relieve the tension from the set point spring (8) by turning counterclockwise (5).
- 3. Remove the bolts (15).
- 4. Remove the intermediate ring (7), bottom diaphragm case and actuator stems (6.2 and 6.4), diaphragms (6.1 and 6.3) and diaphragm plate one after the other from the regulator.
- Pull the valve spring (5), if installed, out of the body.
- Replace damaged diaphragms. Observe the tightening torques specified in section 7.3.

Assembly

- Mount the diaphragm plate, new diaphragms (6.1 and 6.3), the actuator stems (6.2 and 6.4), bottom diaphragm case and intermediate ring (7).
- Insert the valve spring (5), if installed, into the body.
- Tighten screws (15). Observe the tightening torques specified in section 7.3.
- Fasten the control lines (11, 12).
- 5. Install the regulator into the pipeline.
- 6. Fasten the external control lines (13, 14).
- Put the regulator into operation (see section 5.3).

Version with manual adjuster

Disassembly

- 1. Put the regulator out of operation (see section 9.1).
- To completely relieve the tension from the set point springs (8), turn the manual adjuster (19) counterclockwise (5) until you hear it a clicking noise.
- 3. Remove the bolts (15).
- Remove the bottom section of the body (22), intermediate ring (7) and top diaphragm (6.3) together with diaphragm plates and the actuator stem (6.4) from the regulator.
- Pull the valve spring (5), if installed, out of the body.

If the bottom diaphragm (6.1) is damaged, proceed as follows:

- 6. Unscrew the assembly, consisting of diaphragm (6.1) together the diaphragm plates, set point spring (8) and support (21), from the spindle (20) by turning the assembly counterclockwise. Pull it out the bottom section of the valve body.
- 7. Replace the diaphragm (6.1).

Assembly

- 1. Push the assembly, consisting of the new diaphragm (6.1) together the diaphragm plates, set point spring (8) and support (21), over the spindle (20) into the bottom section (22) of the valve body.
- Turn the assembly clockwise (*\mathcal{O}) by one turn to screw it onto the spindle (20).
 Lift the diaphragm plate to check whether the thread of the spring plate (23) has engaged. Turn the assembly one turn further, if necessary.
- 3. Insert the valve spring (5), if installed, into the body.
- 4. Mount the bottom section of the body (22), intermediate ring (7) and top diaphragm (6.3) together with diaphragm plates and the actuator stem (6.4).
- 5. Tighten screws (15). Observe the tightening torques specified in section 7.3.
- 6. Fasten the control lines (11, 12).
- 7. Install the regulator into the pipeline.
- 8. Fasten the external control lines (13, 14).
- Put the regulator into operation (see section 5.3).

7.3 Tightening torques

Component	DN	Tightening torque in Nm
Plug (3)	15 to 25 32 to 50	70 110
Screws (15)	15 to 32 40 to 50	8 18
Diaphragm nut	15 to 50	22

7.4 Preparation for return shipment

Defective devices can be returned to SAMSON for repair. Proceed as follows to return devices to SAMSON:

- 1. Put the regulator out of operation (see section 9).
- 2. Decontaminate the regulator. Remove any residual process medium.
- Fill in the Declaration on Contamination.
 The declaration form can be downloaded from our website at
 - www.samsongroup.com > Service & Support > After-sales Service > Returning goods.
- Continue as described on our website at
 www.samsongroup.com > Service &
 Support > After-sales Service > Returning goods.

7.5 Ordering spare parts and operating supplies

Contact your nearest SAMSON subsidiary or SAMSON's After-sales Service for information on spare parts, lubricants and tools.

8 Malfunctions

The malfunctions listed in Table 7 are caused by mechanical faults and incorrect regulator sizing. In the simplest case, the functioning can be restored following the recommended action. Special tools may be required for repair work.

Exceptional operating and installation conditions may lead to changed situations that may affect the control response and lead to malfunctions. For troubleshooting, the conditions, such as installation, process medium, temperature and pressure conditions, must be taken into account.

SAMSON's After-sales Service can help during troubleshooting. Further information is available in section 10.1.

i Note

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for malfunctions not listed in the table and when the malfunction cannot be remedied as described.

Table 7: Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action				
	Insufficient pressure pulses on the operating diaphragm.	→ Clean the control line and screw fittings.				
	Foreign particles blocking the plug	 → Remove foreign particles. → Replace damaged parts. → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service. 				
Flow rate or differential pressure exceeds adjusted set point	Seat and plug are worn or leak.	→ Replace the damaged seat and plug.→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.				
	Valve too large for control task (flow rate) or too small (differential pressure)	 → Check the sizing. → Change K_{VS}/C_V coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator. → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service. 				
	Defective operating diaphragm	→ Replace damaged diaphragm.				
	Seat and plug are worn or leak.	 → Clean the seat and plug. → Replace the damaged seat and plug. → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service. 				
	A safety device (e.g. STL or STM) has been triggered.	→ Check plant. Unlock safety device (where necessary).				
	Regulator installed against the flow.	→ Install the regulator so that the direction of flow matches the direction indicated by the arrow on the body.				
Flow or differential	Regulator or K_{VS}/C_V coefficient too small	 → Check the sizing. → Change K_{VS}/C_V coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator. → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service. 				
pressure set point not reached	Incorrect set point range selected.	→ Check set point range → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.				
	Safety device, e.g. pressure limiter, has been triggered.	→ Check plant. If necessary, unlock safety device.				
	Plant differential pressure Δp too low.	→ Compare differential pressure in the plant with the plant's drag. Differential pressure across the plant: Δp _{min} = Δp _{restriction} + (V/K _{VS}) ²				
Flow or differential pressure set point not	Foreign particles blocking the plug	 → Remove foreign particles. → Replace damaged parts. → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service. 				
reached	Control line blocked	→ Clean the control line and screw fittings.				
	Strainer blocked.	→ Clean the strainer.				

Malfunctions

Malfunction	Possible reasons	Recommended action				
		→ Check the sizing.				
	Regulator or K _{VS} /C _V coefficient too large	→ Change K _{VS} /C _V coefficient, if necessary or install a different sized regulator.				
Control loop hunts.		→ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service.				
	The restriction in the control line for	→ Install a restriction.				
	pressure tapping is too large or missing.	→ Install a smaller restriction.				
Slow control	Restriction in the screw joint of the actuator dirty or too small.	→ Clean screw joint or install larger screw joint.				
response	Dirt in the control line.	→ Clean the control line.				
Jerky control response	Increased friction, e.g. due to foreign particles between seat and plug.	 → Remove foreign particles. → Replace damaged parts. → Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service. 				
Loud noises	High flow velocity, cavitation.	→ Check the sizing.→ Install larger regulator, if necessary.				
Leakage at the actuator	Defective operating diaphragm	→ Replace damaged diaphragm.				

i Note

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for malfunctions not listed in the table and when the malfunction cannot be remedied as described.

Decommissioning and removal

A DANGER

Risk of bursting in pressure equipment.

Regulators and pipelines are pressure equipment. Improper opening can lead to bursting of the valve.

- Before starting any work on the regulator, depressurize all plant sections affected as well as the control line.
- Drain the process medium from all the plant sections affected as well as the regulator.
- Wear personal protective equipment.

A WARNING

Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the regulator and control line.

While working on the regulator and control line, residual process medium can escape and, depending on its properties, may lead to personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns. Wear protective clothing, safety gloves and eye protection.

A WARNING

Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipeline.

Regulator components and the pipeline may become very hot or cold. Risk of burn injuries.

- Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

9.1 Decommissioning

To decommission the regulator for service and repair work or disassembly, proceed as follows:

- Close the shut-off valve on the upstream side of the regulator.
- Close the shut-off valve on the downstream side of the regulator.
- If necessary, allow the pipeline and regulator to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- Depressurize the plant sections connected through the control line.
- 5. Unscrew the control line.
- 6. Completely drain the pipelines and regulator.
- 7. Remove the regulator from the pipeline.

9.2 Disposal

- Observe local, national and international refuse regulations.
- → Do not dispose of components, lubricants and hazardous substances together with your household waste.

10 Annex

10.1 After-sales service

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for support concerning service or repair work or when malfunctions or defects arise.

E-mail address

You can reach our after-sales service at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com.

Addresses of SAMSON AG and its subsidiaries

The addresses of SAMSON, its subsidiaries, representatives and service facilities worldwide can be found on our website

(www.samsongroup.com) or in all SAMSON product catalogs.

To assist diagnosis and in case of an unclear mounting situation, specify the following details (so far as possible). See section 2:

- Device type and nominal size
- Model number and configuration ID
- Upstream and downstream pressure
- Temperature and process medium
- Min. and max. flow rate.
- Is a strainer installed?
- Installation drawing showing the exact location of the regulator and all the additionally installed components (shut-off valves, pressure gauge etc.)

10.2 Certificates

The EU declarations of conformity are included on the next pages.



EU-KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Modul H/Module H, Nr./No. / N° CE-PED-H-SAM 001-13-DEU-rev-A

SAMSON erklärt in alleiniger Verantwortung für folgende Produkte:/For the following products. SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Ventile für Druck-, Differenzdruck-, Temperatur- und Volumenstromregler/Valves for pressure, temperature, flowregulators and differential pressure regulators

Typ 2336, 2373, 2375, 44-1B, 44-2, 44-3, 44-4, 44-6B, 44-9, 45-1, 45-2, 45-3, 45-4, 45-6, (Erz.-Nr. 2720), 45-9, 47-4, 2488, 2489, (2730), 2405, 2406, 2421 (2811), 2412 (2812), 2417 (2817), 2422 (2814), 2423 (2823), 2423E (2823)

die Konformität mit nachfolgender Anforderung/the conformity with the following requirement

Richtlinie des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates zur Harmonisierung der Rechtsvorschriften 2014/68/EU vom 15.05.2014 der Mitgliedstaaten über die Bereitstellung von Druckgeräten auf dem Markt.

Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization of the laws of the 2014/68/EU of 15 May 2014 Member States relating of the making available on the market of pressure equipment (see also Articles 41 and 48).

Modul siehe Angewandtes Konformitätsbewertungsverfahren für Fluide nach Art. 4(1)(c.i.) erster Gedankenstrich durch certified by Conformity assessment procedure applied for fluids according to Article 4(1)(c.i), first indent See table for Bureau Veritas

Nenndruck NPS 1/4 3/4 1 11/4 11/4 2 3 4 6 8 10 12 16 Pressure rating PN 16 PN 25 ohne/without PN 40 ohne/without PN 100 und PN 160 Class 150 A (210 Н ohne/without Class 300 ohne/without

- (1) Das auf dem Stellgerät aufgebrachte CE-Zeichen hat keine Gültigkeit im Sinne der Druckgeräterichtlinie. The CE marking affixed to the control valve is not valid in the sense oft the Pressure Equipment Directive
- (2) Das auf dem Stellgerät aufgebrachte CE-Zeichen gilt ohne Bezeichnung der benannten Stelle (Kenn-Nr. 0062). The CE marking affixed to the control valve is valid without specifying the notified body (ID number 0062).
- (3) Die Identifikationsnummer 0062 von Bureau Veritas S.A. gilt nicht für Modul A The identification number 0062 of Bureau Veritas S.A. is not valid for Modul A

ohne/without (1

- Geräte, denen laut Tabelle das Konformitätsbewertungsverfahren Modul H zugrunde liegt, beziehen sich auf die
- "Zulassungsbescheinigung eines Qualitätssicherungssystems" ausgestellt durch die benannte Stelle.

Devices whose conformity has been assessed based on Module H refer to the certificate of approval for the quality management system issued by the notified body.

Dem Entwurf zu Grunde gelegt sind Verfahren aus:/The design is based on the methods of:

DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3 bzw./or ASME B16.1, ASME B16.24, ASME B16.34, ASME B16.42

Das Qualitätssicherungssystem des Herstellers wird von folgender benannter Stelle überwacht:

The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body:

Bureau Veritas S.A. Nr./No. 0062, Newtime, 52 Boulevard du Parc, Ille de la Jatte, 92200 Neuilly sur Seine, France Hersteller:/Manufacturer: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 08, Februar 2017/08 February 2017

Klaus Hörschken

i. V. War Wille

Class 600 und Class 900

Zentralabteilungsleiter / Head of Central Department
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module

S. A. (0062)

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Revision 03



EU-KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Modul H/Module H. Nr./No. / N° CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-16-DEU-rev-A

SAMSON erklärt in alleiniger Verantwortung für folgende Produkte:/For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

Ventile für Druck- Differenzdruck-, Volumenstrom- und Temperaturregler/Valves for pressure, differential pressure, volume flow and temperature regulators

2333 (Erz.-Nr/Model No. 2333), 2334 (2334), 2335 (2335), 2336, 2373, 2375, 44-0B, 44-1B, 44-2, 44-3, 44-6B, 44-7, 44-8, 45-1, 45-2, 45-3, 45-4, 45-5, 45-6, 246B, 2476 (2720), 45-9, 46-7, 46-9, 47-1, 47-4, 47-5, 47-9, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2491, 2494, 2495 (2730), 2405, 2406, 2421 (2811), 2392, 2412 (2812), 2114 (2814), 2417 (2812), 2423 (2823)

die Konformität mit nachfolgender Anforderung/the conformity with the following requirement

Richtlinie des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates zur Harmonisierung der Rechtsvorschriften 2014/68/FU vom 15.05.2014 der Mitgliedstaaten über die Bereitstellung von Druckgeräten auf dem Mark

Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization of the laws of the 2014/68/FU of 15 May 2014 s relating of the making avail

Angewandtes Konformitätsbewertungsverfahren für Fluide nach Art. 4(1)(c.ii) und (c.i) zweiter durch Tabelle Gedankenstrich certified by Bureau Veritas Conformity assessment procedure applied for fluids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii) and (c.i), second See table for S. A. (0062)

Nenndruck	DN	15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300	400
Pressure rating	: NPS	1/2	3/4	1	11/4	11/2	2	-	3	4	-	6	8	10	12	16
PN 16				ohne/w	ithout (1)	•		A	2)(3)				Н		
PN 25			ohr	ne/witho	ut (1)			A (2)(3)					Н			
PN 40			ohne/w	rithout ()	A (2)(3)				H	1				-
PN 100 und PN 160		ohn	e/witho	ut (1)		•		-	+						-	
Class 150			ohne/w	rithout ()			A (2)(3)					Н			-
Class 300			ohne/w	rithout ()	A (2)(3)						Н				
Clace 600 und Clace	900	ohn	a/witho	ref (1)		•		-	-							

- (1) Das auf dem Stellgerät aufgebrachte CE-Zeichen hat keine Gültigkeit im Sinne der Druckgeräterichtlinie The CE marking affixed to the control valve is not valid in the sense of the Pressure Equipment Directive
- (2) Das auf dem Stellgerät aufgebrachte CE-Zeichen gilt ohne Bezeichnung der benannten Stelle (Kenn-Nr. 0062).
- The CE marking affixed to the control valve is valid without specifying the notified body (ID number 0062).
- (3) Die Identifikationsnummer 0062 von Bureau Veritas S.A. gilt nicht für Modul A The identification number 0062 of Bureau Veritas S.A. is not valid for Modul A.

Geräte, denen laut Tabelle das Konformitätsbewertungsverfahren Modul H zugrunde liegt, beziehen sich auf die

"Zulassungsbescheinigung eines Qualitätssicherungssystems" ausgestellt durch die benannte Stelle.

Devices whose conformity has been assessed based on Module H refer to the certificate of approval for the quality management system issued by the notified body.

Dem Entwurf zu Grunde gelegt sind Verfahren aus:/The design is based on the procedures specified in the following standards:

DIN FN 12516-2 DIN FN 12516-3 bzw /or ASMF B16.1 ASMF B16.24 ASMF B16.34 ASMF B16.42

Das Qualitätssicherungssystem des Herstellers wird von folgender benannter Stelle überwacht: The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body

Bureau Veritas S.A. Nr./No. 0062, Newtime, 52 Boulevard du Parc, Ille de la Jatte, 92200 Neuilly sur Seine, France Hersteller:/Manufacturer: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 08. Februar 2017/08 February 2017

Klaus Hörschken

i. V. Wan With

SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

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Zentralabteilungsleiter/Head of Central Department Entwicklung Ventile und Antriebe/R&D, Valves and Actuators

Dr. Michael Heß

Zentralabteilungsleiter/Head of Central Department Product Management & Technical Sales

module

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